BUILDING DECARBONIZATION PATHWAYS FOR EUROPE ENGIE'S SCENARIO





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OUR 5 BELIEFS

(1)

Activate all possible levers for decarbonization

4% / annual reduction in emissions

To achieve « Net zéro » carbon in less than 30 ans

Combine electricity and molecules for a successful transition
 450twh of low-carbon gas by 2030 to meet "Fit for 55" objectives



in electricity demand in Europe by 2050

x6

increase in power generation from solar and wind

Act now to anticipate flexibility needs



increase in flexibility needs by 2050

Energy efficiency is compatible with growth
 34%

reduction in energy demand by 2050

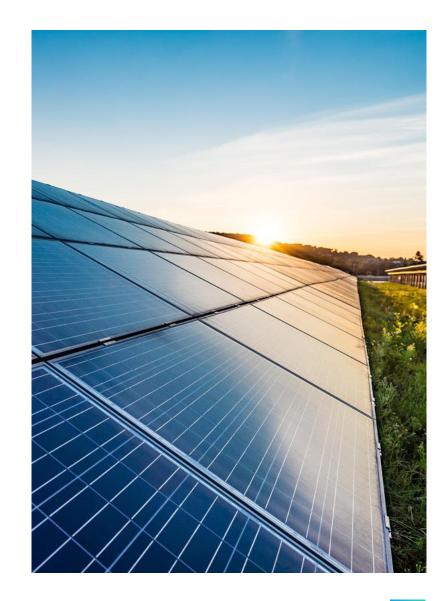
CONTENTS

1 Our approach

2 A Net Zero Carbon pathway for Europe

3 All levers are required to achieve decarbonization

- **3.1** The challenges of mass electrification
- 3.2 The key role of decarbonized gases
- **3.3** The major importance of infrastructure



CONTENTS

1 Our approach

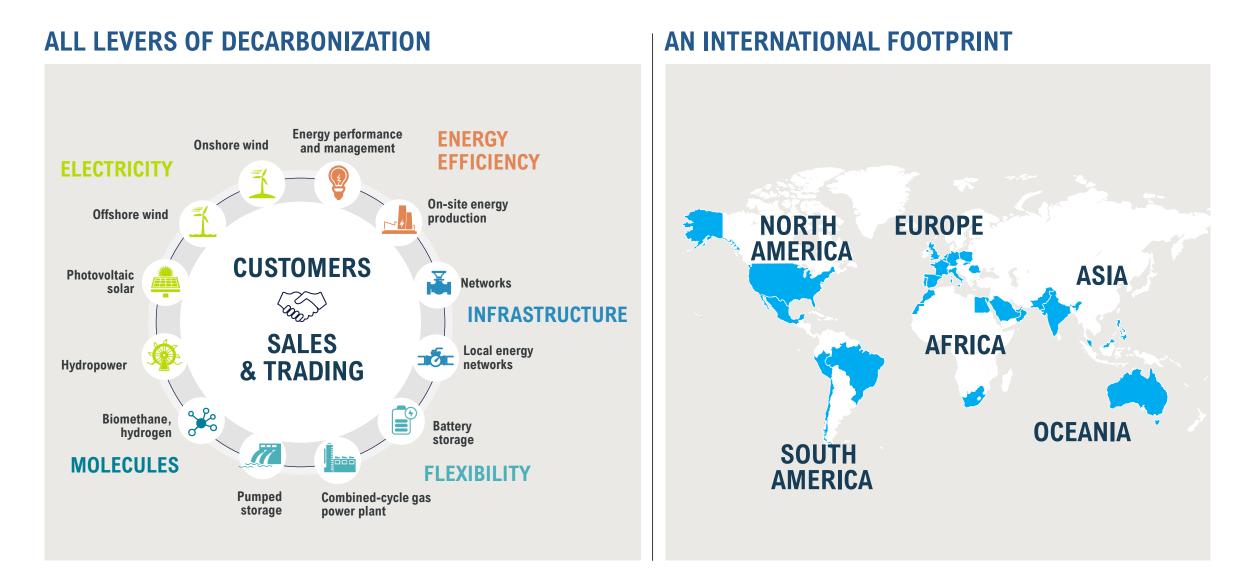
2 A Net Zero Carbon pathway for Europe

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AN ANALYSIS DERIVED FROM GLOBAL EXPERIENCE



A PRAGMATIC APPROACH TO DECARBONIZATION

Mature and emerging technologies

All energy vectors & markets

European and national regulatory frameworks



COST OPTIMIZATION

RESILIENCE

A DECARBONIZATION PATHWAY THAT MEETS THESE 3 CRITERIA

A ROBUST METHODOLOGY



A European vision

• Modelling of **15 European countries**, with their strongly interconnected energy systems



A model that incorporates a diverse range of energy vectors

- Based on interactions between electricity, methane, hydrogen, e-molecules and heat
- · Modelled with a fine-grained hourly timeline to meet reliability and resilience criteria



A realistic approach to technical and economic choices

- Based on mature low-carbon technologies (e.g. excluding marine energy and nuclear fusion)
- Incorporates **societal factors** (e.g. limitations to the deployment of carbon capture and storage)
- Uses **external studies and benchmarks** for issues outside our area of expertise, e.g. agriculture, forestry (European Commission, ADEME, etc.)



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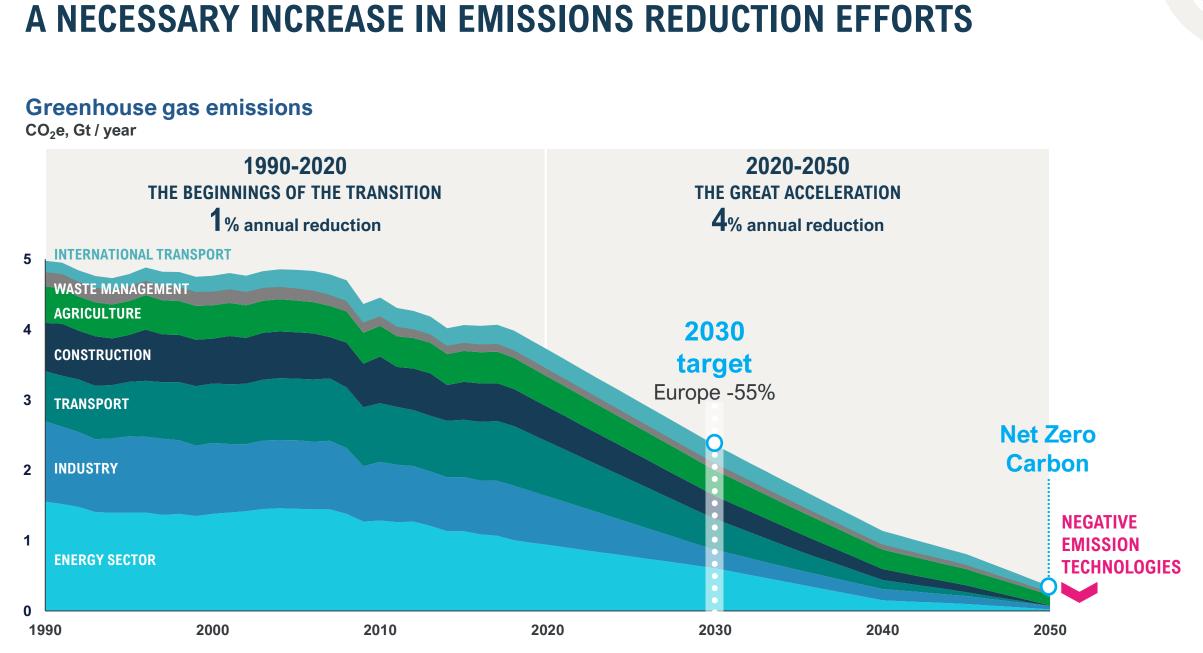
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4 Conclusions & recommendations



8 ENGIE JUNE 2023



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DIFFERENT ROUTES EXIST TO REACH FIT-FOR-55 TARGETS

Greenhouse gas emissions

Mt CO₂e, 2030 544 **OTHERS** 434 124 TRANSPORT 92 AGRICULTURE ~270 135 BUILDING 93 83 86 92 76 **INDUSTRY** 143 68 68 39 80 30 45 47 78 **ENERGY SECTOR** 46 27 24 1990 2019 2030 **ENGIE's** Government's vision as of vision May 2023

OUR APPROACH OPTIMIZES COSTS WHILE maintaining CO₂ emission reduction targets



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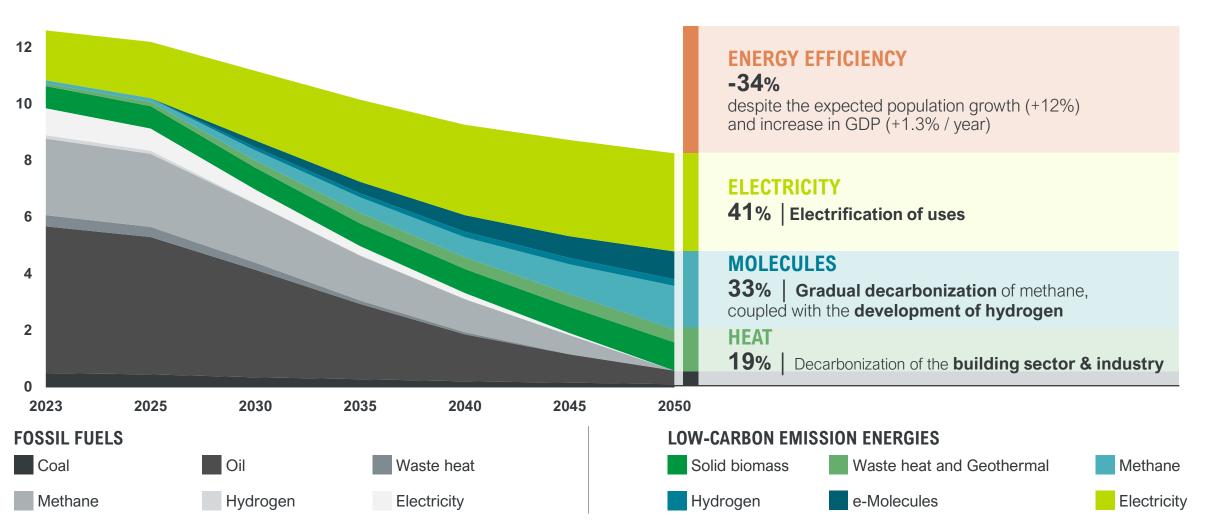
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- 3.2 The key role of decarbonized gases
- 3.3 The major importance of infrastructure



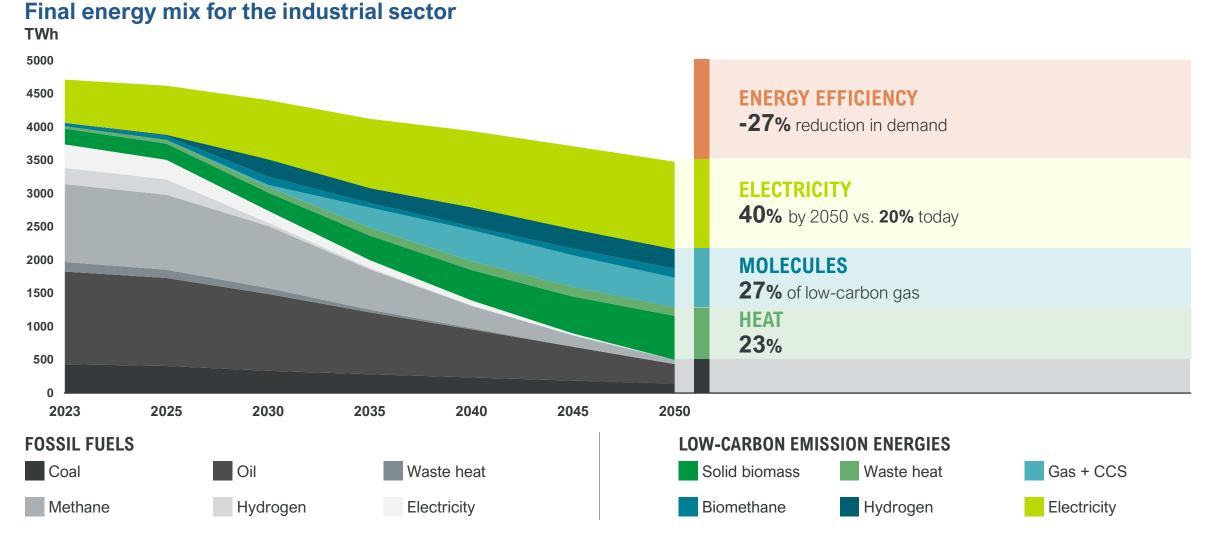
ALL LEVERS ARE REQUIRED TO ACHIEVE DECARBONIZATION

Final energy mix

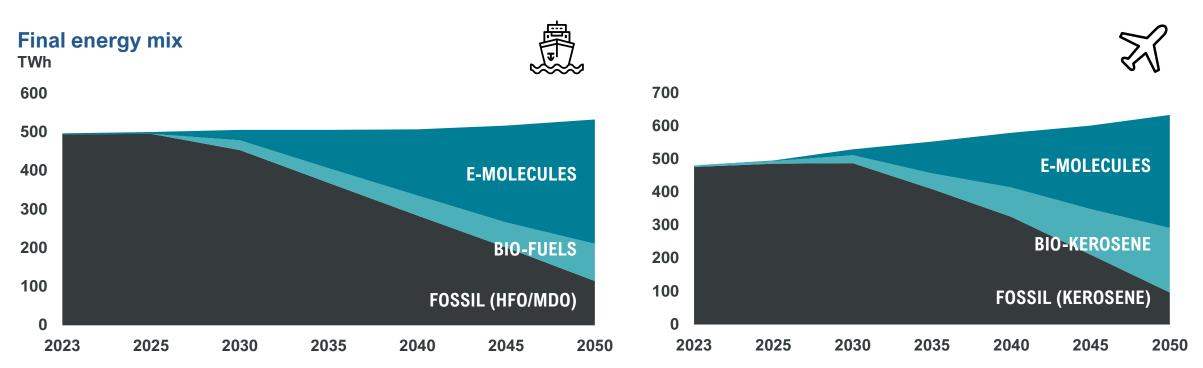
Thousand TWh 14



INDUSTRY: ELECTRIFICATION AND DECARBONIZED GASES ARE THE DRIVERS OF THE TRANSITION



MARITIME AND AIR TRANSPORT: GREEN MOLECULES, MAIN VECTOR FOR DECARBONIZATION





80% EMISSION REDUCTION TARGET ACHIEVED THROUGH USE OF

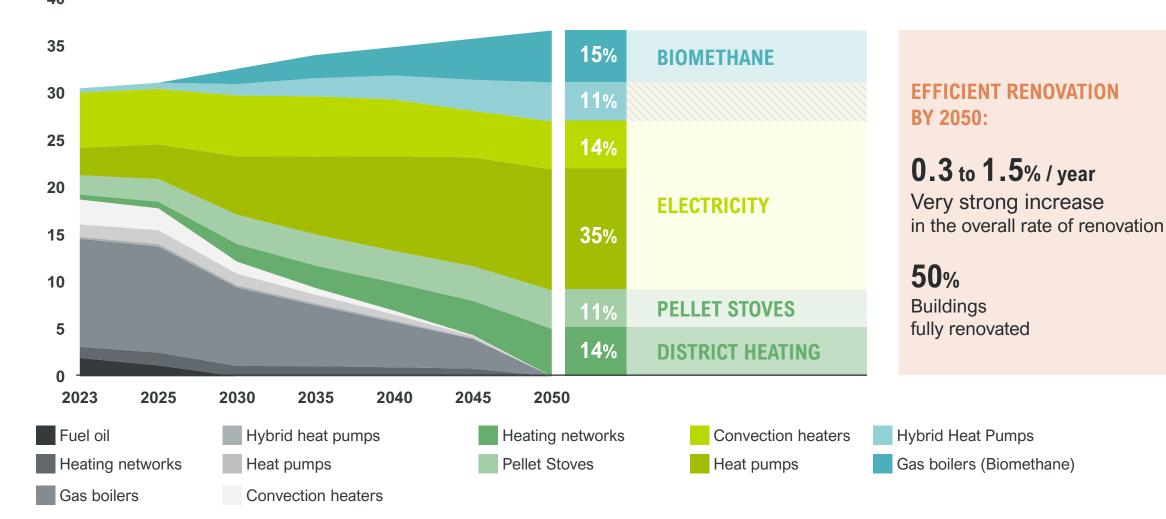
- · e-molecules derived from low-carbon hydrogen
- bio-LNG and bio-diesel for Maritime Transport
- bio-kerosene for Aviation

HFO: Heavy Fuel Oil, **MDO:** Maritime Diesel Oil

BUILDING: NEED FOR A RANGE OF SOLUTIONS

French households Heating solutions

Million 40



15 ENGIE JUNE 2023

BUILDINGS: HYBRID HEAT PUMPS NEEDED TO ENSURE SYSTEM RESILIENCE AND TO REDUCE COSTS

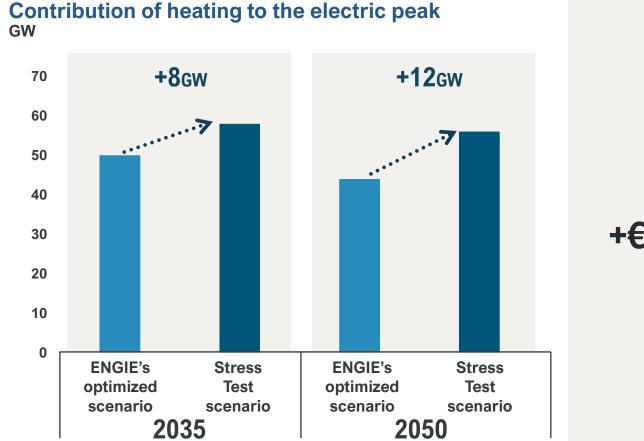
IMPLICATIONS

No installation of hybrid heat pumps

Replaced as follows:

- 80% by heat pumps
- 20% by convection heaters

STRESS TEST



€ +€2.7bn/year



1 Our approach

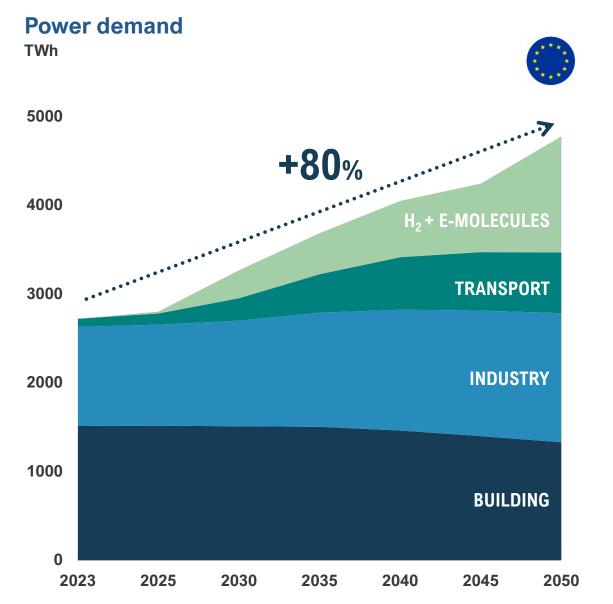
2 A Net Zero Carbon pathway for Europe

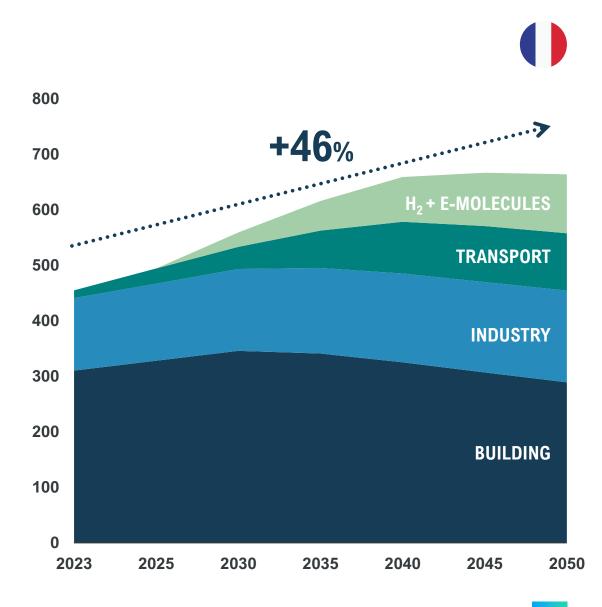
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- **3.2** The key role of decarbonized gases
- **3.3** The major importance of infrastructure

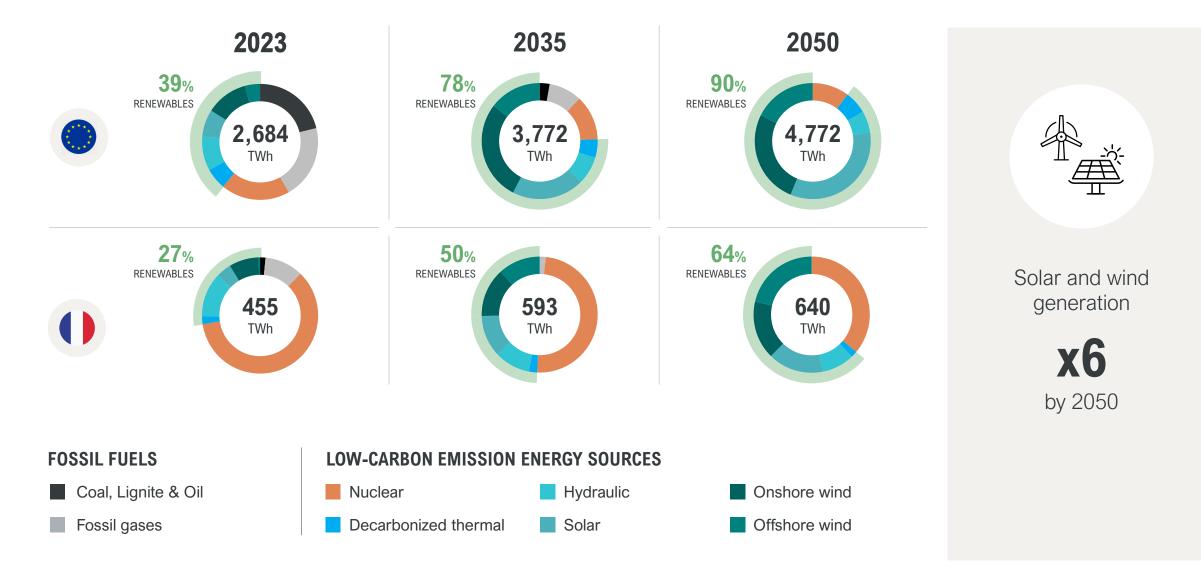


STRONG INCREASE IN POWER DEMAND BETWEEN NOW AND 2050





MASSIVE INCREASE IN RENEWABLE POWER GENERATION



19 | ENGIE JUNE 2023

RENEWABLES: ACCELERATION CRITICAL TO MEET CLIMATE GOALS AND KEEP COSTS DOWN



STRESS TEST

IMPLICATIONS

(J

"Fit-for-55" targets not reached

5-year delay

in developing solar, wind power and the associated grid







+€4bn/year until 2050

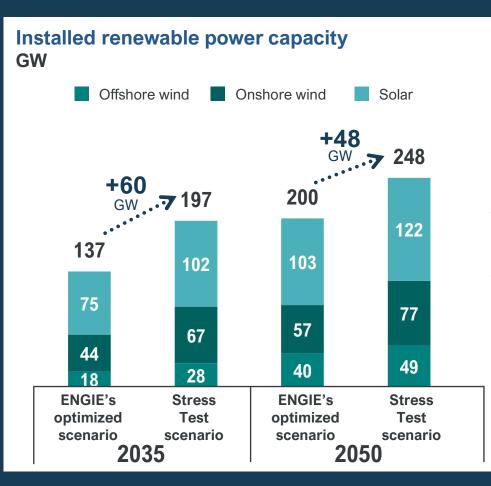
GROWTH IN RENEWABLES, INSURANCE AGAINST THE CHALLENGES FACED BY NUCLEAR POWER IN FRANCE

IMPLICATIONS

Lower availability of nuclear power

STRESS TEST

5-year delay in building new EPRs (10 EPRs in 2050)



Additional renewable power generation will ensure climate targets are met

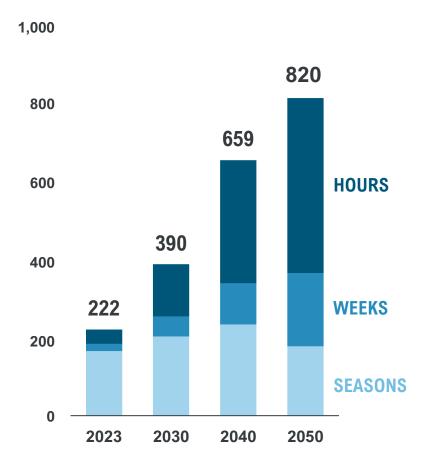
ASSUMING THE STRESS TEST DOES NOT MATERIALIZE

- Limited additional costs:
 €2bn/year
- Additional emissions avoided: 320Mt CO₂e
- Accelerated development of green hydrogen and e-molecules

FLEXIBILITY LEVERS, A NECESSARY COMPLEMENT TO INTERMITTENT RENEWABLE POWER SOURCES

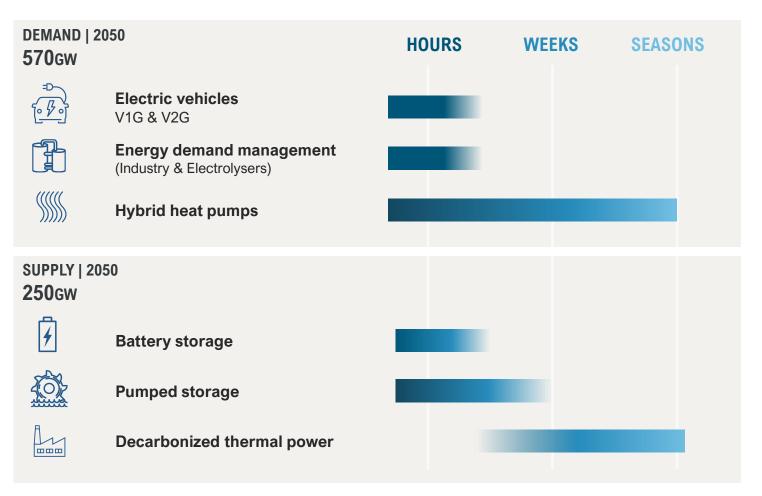
Flexible capacity

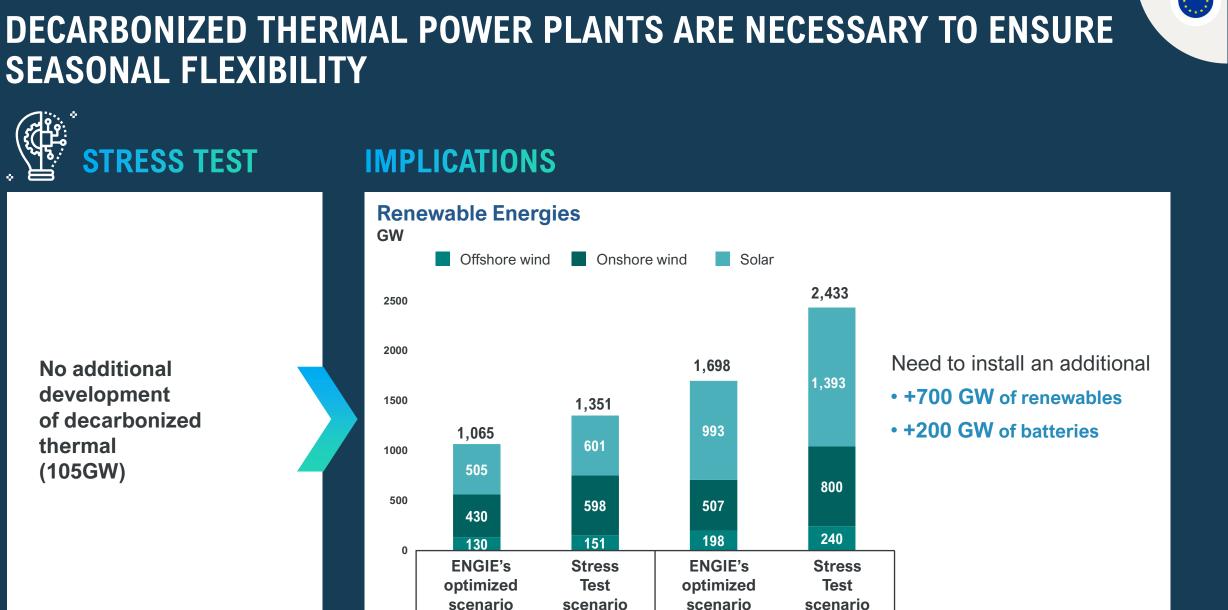
GW



Flexibility technologies

Various technologies for meeting specific needs





2050

2035

No additional development of decarbonized thermal (105GW)



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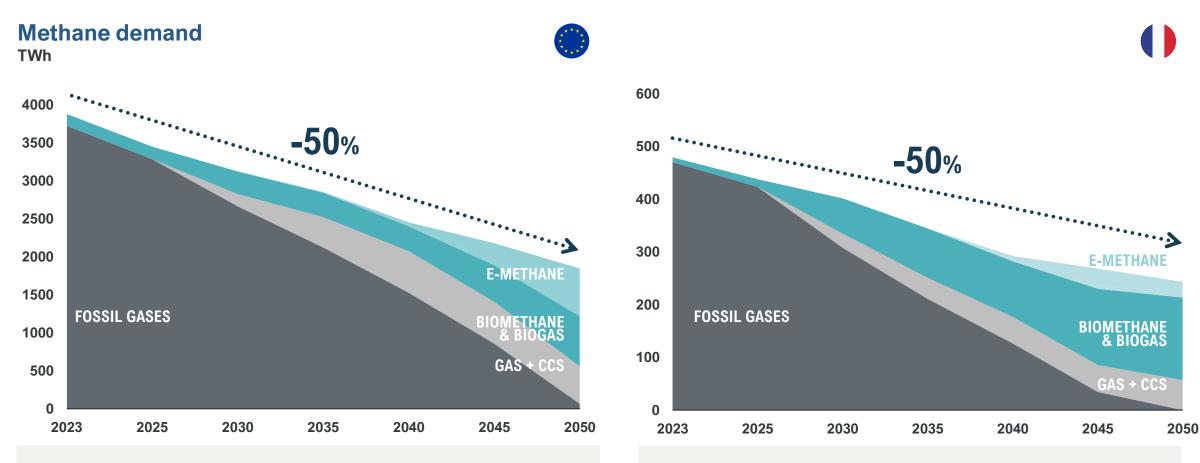
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METHANE: DEMAND IS HALVED AND MET BY DECARBONIZED SOURCES BY 2050

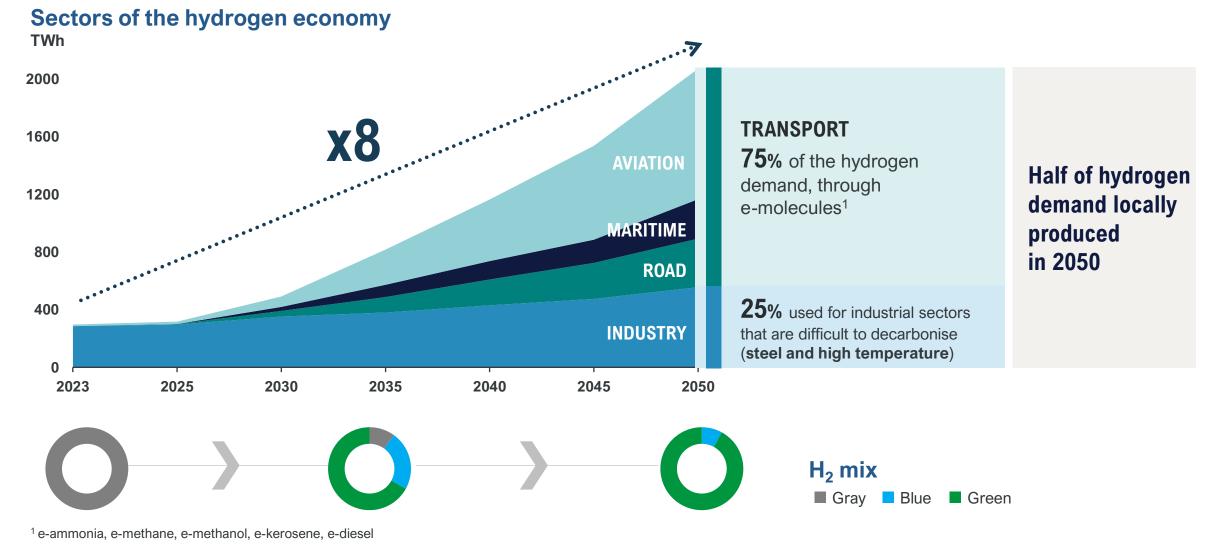


- 450 TWh of low-carbon gas needed to reach "Fit-for-55" targets by <u>2030</u>
- Imports will be 25% below current levels

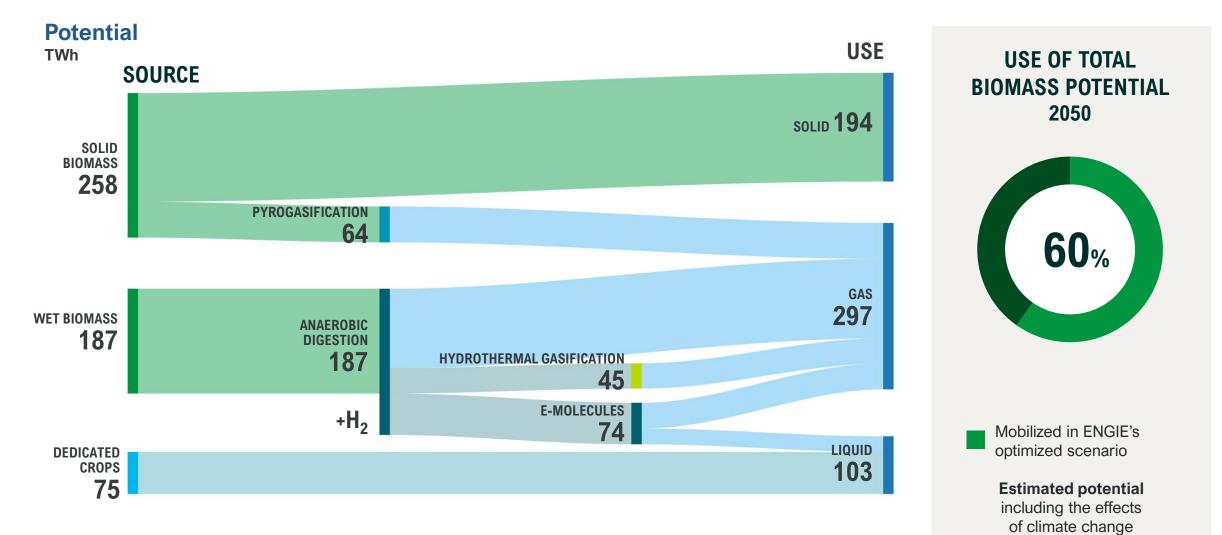
• 245 TWh demand for fully decarbonized gas by 2050

 Biomethane plays a key role (two-thirds of the demand in 2050)

HYDROGEN AND E-MOLECULES: DEMAND DRIVEN BY HEAVY-DUTY TRANSPORT AND INDUSTRY



BIOMASS: SUFFICIENT RESOURCES EXIST TO MEET PROJECTED NEEDS



Sources: ADEME, IGN and INRAE, IPCC & France Agrimer

CONTENTS

1 Our approach

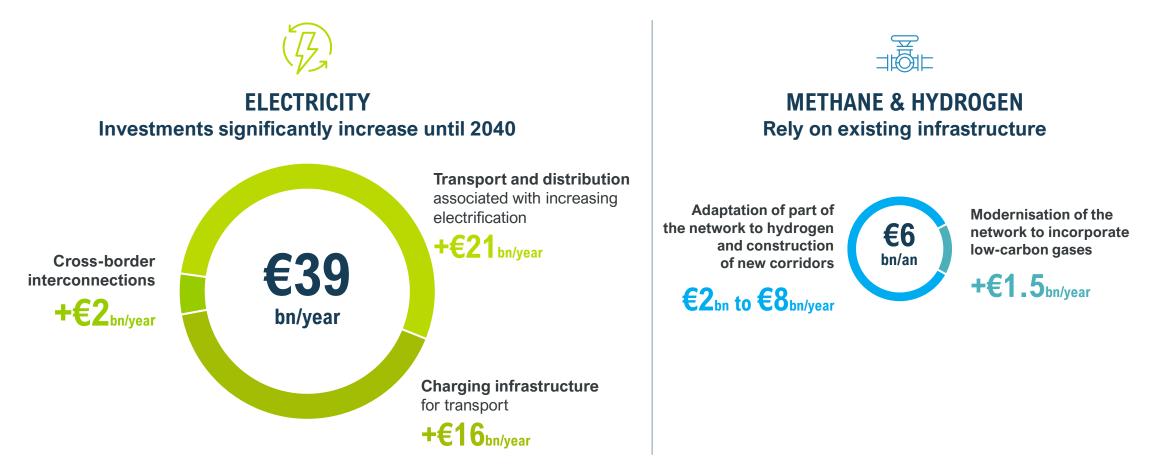
2 A Net Zero Carbon pathway for Europe

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ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE: AN ESSENTIAL LEVER FOR SUCCESSFUL DECARBONIZATION



The electricity infrastructure allows the deployment of renewable energies

The gas infrastructure plays a crucial role in meeting demand peaks and making the energy system more flexible

CONTENTS

1 Our approach

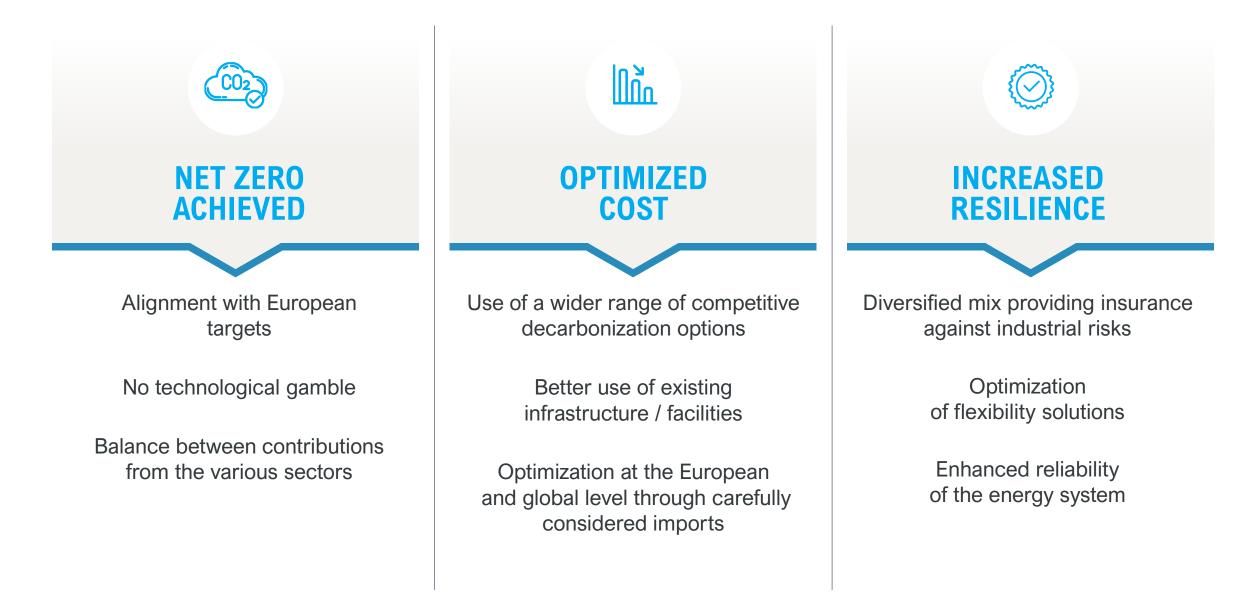
2 A Net Zero Carbon pathway for Europe

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A BALANCED ENERGY MIX HAS MULTIPLE BENEFITS



SOME CONCRETE BARRIERS MUST BE ADDRESSED

ACCELERATION OF RENEWABLE POWER AND GAS	 Stabilize the investment framework Facilitate and speed up network connections and permitting
DEVELOPMENT OF HYDROGEN by taking action throughout the value chain	 Finalize the European regulatory framework Ensure that appropriate public funding is granted quickly and that H₂ conversion of gas infrastructure is financed
MAXIMIZING BIOMETHANE POTENTIAL by activating all levers	 Ensure effective production support mechanisms (prices and inputs) in France and in Europe
DEVELOPMENT OF FLEXIBILITY TECHNOLOGIES	 Develop suitable remuneration models (load management, batteries, decarbonized CCGT, etc.) Speed up permitting
DECARBONIZATION OF THE BUILDINGS SECTOR by supporting all solutions	 Accelerate development of green heating networks, including geothermal energy Prioritize the use of biomethane for buildings and hybrid solutions (heat pump, hybrid heat pump, boiler replacement, etc.) Simplify access to housing aid with a one-stop shop grouping current mechanisms
DECARBONIZATION OF INDUSTRY	 Step up the use of waste energy (guarantee fund and threshold reduction) Maintain funding over time (BCIAT fund in France)

Maintain **local biomass** as an RE •

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